

LEARNING & CREATIVITY PLAN (L&C PLAN):

ALL EQUAL ALL DIFFERENT

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1. Overview

Title	All equal, All different		
Driving Question or Topic	Does the length of the leaves of the <i>Prunus pissardii</i> plant follow a precise law of frequency distribution?		
Ages, Grades, ...	AGES:15-16	9 th - 10 th grade	
Duration, Timeline, Activities	3 LEARNING HOURS	3*60 MINUTES	8 ACTIVITIES
Curriculum Alignment	Frequency distribution		
Contributors, Partners			
Abstract - Synopsis	<p>The first 60-minute lesson is held by the science teacher who illustrates the kingdom of plants, the characteristics, the main divisions of plants and how to recognize them.</p> <p>In the second lesson (60 min) the class is divided into four groups and, in the school garden, the different groups look for and collect the <i>Prunus pissardii</i> plant (about 500 per group). Each group then proceeds to measure the collected leaves. In this phase, students learn to recognize and distinguish the different plant species.</p> <p>The collected data will then be included in an excel prospectus for their final processing and analysis based on the frequency distribution.</p>		
References, Acknowledgements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Scienze Biologiche Livello base – Autori: A. Sparvoli, F. Sparvoli, A. Zullini . Casa editrice Atlas (attività 1) ● Matematica bianco multimediale 1 – Autori: Bergamini, Barozzi . Casa editrice: Zanichelli (attività 5 e 6) 		

2. STEAME Framework*

Teachers' Cooperation	<p>1st Teacher: Sciences</p> <p>2nd Teacher: Mathematics</p> <p>3rd Teacher: Technology Specialist and/or Computer Scientist</p> <p>(the teachers of Technology and Mathematics can work together during the third lesson)</p>
SiL organisation	A final poster will be published on the school's Facebook page

Action Plan Formulation	<p>Stage I : preparation by 3 teachers</p> <p>Stage II : Action Plan formulation : The 3 teachers collaborate to the creation of the learning plan and define how relate the students' outcomes to the curriculum. They guide the students during the phases of the project, according to their specific competences (STEPS 1-2) and they collaborate for the final assessment step.</p>
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3. Objectives and Methodologies

Learning Goals and Objectives	<p>Students will have to define and calculate:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● The total length of each leaf ● The frequency distribution for each group and the total and they will ● Graphically represent the phenomenon
Learning Outcomes and expected Results	<p>The project aims to demonstrate how, starting from a simple datum such as the length of a leaf, it is possible to define a much more complex concept linked to the distribution of frequencies and the demonstration of how, even if starting from different data, all these tend to approach an average value so as to form a curve called Gaussian. Students will then be led to reason about the usefulness of this scientific approach in the real world</p>
Prior Knowledge and Prerequisites	<p>Basic knowledge of mathematics and spreadsheets software</p>
Motivation, Methodology, Strategies, Scaffolds	<p>The main methodologies and techniques of the project are based on inquiry-based learning. In this way, students are encouraged to explore the material, organize the work, ask questions. Students are involved in conducting their own scientific research. Specifically, students learn by making their own research, instead of memorizing facts and content. This allows them to build knowledge through exploration, experience and discussion.</p> <p>As they explore this Learning Plan, students build critical thinking and communication skills.</p>

4. Preparation and Means

Preparation, Space Setting, <i>Troubleshooting Tips</i>	<p>A shared calculation document will be the basic tool and with the use of spreadsheet document, children will make the appropriate calculations for the final frequency calculation. Laptops in the classroom, will be necessary for each group of students, in order to classify and sort the data . According to lesson activities students will work in groups of 4-5 students.</p>
Resources, Tools, Material, Attachments, Equipment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Textbook and youtube video for science and math concepts: https://youtu.be/QqCOA1OsXx4 http://web.booktab.it/BooktabWeb/ (libro matematica) ● Excel sheet for calculating the frequency distribution ● Kahoot: kahoot.it/ ● Adobe Spark for the creation of the digital poster

5. Implementation

Instructional Activities, Procedures, Reflections

The plan can be completed in three learning hours, the first hour with 3 activities related to the understanding and analyzing the kingdom of plants, and the following 2 hours of data collection and processing, concluding with the creation of graphs and their analysis.

STEP 1

1. Brainstorming (35 minutes)

First of all, students are divided into groups of 4-5 persons. The teacher, through videos and images, illustrates the kingdom of plants and gives indications on how to recognize the different types of plants.

<https://youtu.be/QqCOA1OsXx4>

Through the internet, the teacher shows images of *Prunus pissardii*

2. Playing with quizzes (10 minutes)

Working either individually or in small groups, the students play a Kahoot quiz-game prepared by the teacher. They try to answer multiple choice questions on the different types of plants



3. Data search (15 minutes)

The students, in the school garden, look for the plant and collect the leaves for a total of about 500 per group.

Step 2

4. Processing of collected data (60 minutes)

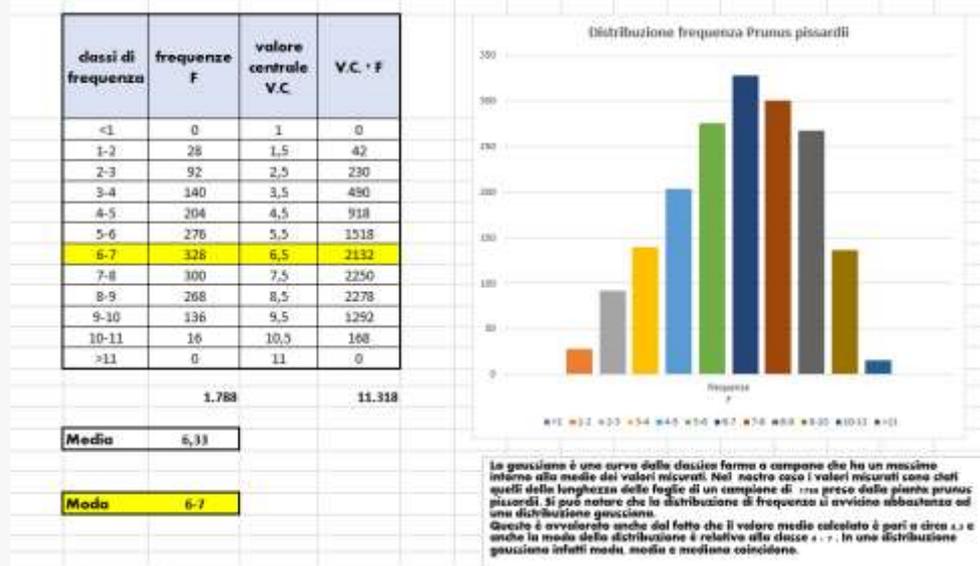
In the second lesson of computer technology, the students proceed, by groups, to divide the leaves by length and insert the data into an excel sheet created by them and organized by class of frequency.

5. Meaning of some statistical concepts (20 minutes)

The mathematics teacher explains, with examples, the concepts of mode, mean and median.

6. Calculation of average data and creation of graphs (40 minutes)

Students then have to figure out how to complete the excel sheet previously created to find these values. They also need to create the final chart.



7. Analysis of the result obtained (30 minutes)

The teacher makes a reflection on the result achieved by each group. He offers students images of different frequency distributions and asks them to choose if there is an analogy with the results obtained with their research.

8. In-depth study, discussion and conclusion (30 minutes)

The teacher explains the meaning of the Gaussian curve; asks students to carry out a research to understand its use in the real world.

Assessment - Evaluation

- A self-assessment with immediate results, is the Kahoot game (activity 2).
- A group-assessment is the final research activity at the end of activities 7 and 8

In addition the teachers will monitor students' collaboration skills during the activities, their individual organizational skills and interaction with the group

Presentation - Reporting - Sharing

A presentation by each group takes place at the end of activity 8 (an additional 30 minute lesson), analyzing the cases found, Creating posters with Spark Adobe.

The poster will then be published on the school's Facebook page.

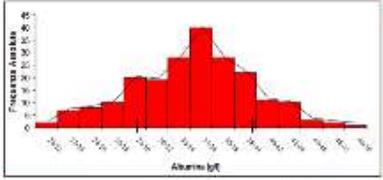
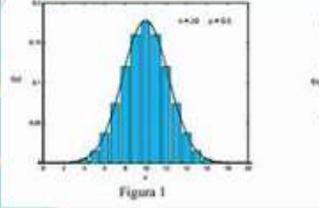
Tutti uguali tutti diversi

Il primo punto è quello che genera maggiori preoccupazioni, in realtà i parametri clinici si distribuiscono secondo curve a campana centrate attorno a una media, i range di riferimento cercano di indicare con buona probabilità quando si è di fronte a un individuo normalmente sano. Un po' come se io dicessi che gli Italiani maschi sono alti da 185 a 185 cm: un soggetto alto 163 cm è comunque normale, mentre un soggetto adulto alto 140 cm è sicuramente affetto da nanismo.

L'IMPORTANZA DI QUESTI CONCETTI

Supponiamo di considerare l'altezza degli italiani maschi. Analizziamo un campione di 1.000 soggetti. Probabilmente otterremo una curva a campana, centrata attorno a una media, del tipo 174 cm di media con una "deviazione standard" di circa 20 cm, cioè il 95% dei soggetti analizzati sarebbe compreso fra 154 cm e 194 cm.

Figure 1 - Istogramma di frequenza della concentrazione sierica di albumina in 211 pazienti con cirrosi biliare primitiva


Sp Adobe Spark

Resources for the development of the STEAME Learning and Creativity Plan Template

STEAME Prototype/Guide for Learning & Creativity Approach Action Plan Formulation - Steps provided by Kyriaki Mathimatiki Etaireia

Major steps in the STEAME learning approach:

STAGE I: Preparation by one or more teachers

1. Formulating initial thoughts on the thematic sectors/areas to be covered
2. Engaging the world of the wider environment / work / business / parents / society / environment/ ethics
3. Target Age Group of Students - Associating with the Official Curriculum - Setting Goals and Objectives
4. Organization of the tasks of the parties involved - Designation of Coordinator - Workplaces etc.

STAGE II: Action Plan Formulation (Steps 1-18)

Preparation (by teachers)

1. Relation to the Real World – Reflection
2. Incentive – Motivation
3. Formulation of a problem (possibly in stages or phases) resulting from the above

Development (by students) – Guidance & Evaluation (in 9-11, by teachers)

4. Background Creation - Search / Gather Information
5. Simplify the issue - Configure the problem with a limited number of requirements
6. Case Making - Designing - identifying materials for building / development / creation
7. Construction - Workflow - Implementation of projects

8. Observation-Experimentation - Initial Conclusions
9. Documentation - Searching Thematic Areas (STEAME fields) related to the subject under study – Explanation based on Existing Theories and / or Empirical Results
10. Gathering of results / information based on points 7, 8, 9
11. First group presentation by students

Configuration & Results (by students) – Guidance & Evaluation (by teachers)

12. Configure mathematics or other STEAME models to describe / represent / illustrate the results
13. Studying the results in 9 and drawing conclusions, using 12
14. Applications in Everyday Life - Suggestions for Developing 9 (Entrepreneurship - SIL Days)

Review (by teachers)

15. Review the problem and review it under more demanding conditions

Project Completion (by students) – Guidance & Evaluation (by teachers)

16. Repeat steps 5 through 11 with additional or new requirements as formulated in 15
17. Investigation - Case Studies - Expansion - New Theories - Testing New Conclusions
18. Presentation of Conclusions - Communication Tactics.

STAGE III: STEAME Actions and Cooperation in Creative Projects for school students

Title of STEAME Project : ALL EQUL, ALL DIFFERENT

Brief Description/Outline of Organizational Arrangements / Responsibilities for Action

STA GE	Activities/Steps Teacher 1(T1) Cooperation with T2, T3 and student guidance	Activities /Steps By Students Age Group: 15- 16	Activities /Steps Teacher 2 (T2) Cooperation with T1 ,T3 and student guidance	Activities/ Steps Teacher 3 (T3) Cooperation with T1 ,T2 and student guidance
A	Preparation of steps 1,2		Cooperation in Steps 1,2	Cooperation in Steps 1,2
B	Guidance in Act. 1-3	1.2.3.4.5.6.7.8	Guidance in Act. 5,6,7,8	Guidance in Act. 4,6
C	Creative Evaluation Act. 2	2,8	Creative Evaluation Act. 8	Creative evaluation Act. 8
F	Organization (SIL) STEAME in Life	Publication of poster on Facebook	Organization (SIL) STEAME in Life	Organization (SIL) STEAME in Life